

Examen de Estado



Banco de preguntas de inglés

La prueba de inglés se encuentra organizada en los siguientes grupos de preguntas:

- *Construcción de oraciones*
- *Construcción de párrafos*
- *Interpretación de gráficas*
- *Situaciones comunicativas*
- *Comprensión de textos.*

Banco de Preguntas de Idioma

Extranjero Inglés

COMPRENSIÓN DE TEXTOS

1 - 3

Many major cities in the world today have large populations of people who have recently arrived; they have emigrated from other countries. Perhaps you, too, have left a familiar place to come to a new city or a new country. Or you may live in a city where there are large numbers of newcomers. Adapting to a new place forces people to seek out new friends, face new problems, and often learn a new language.

1. The underlined word who is related to

- A. cities.
- B. people.
- C. major.
- D. countries.

2. The underlined words seek out can be replaced by

- A. give up.
- B. look for.
- C. take care.
- D. find out.

3. According to the text,

- A. people are forced to leave their native countries.
- B. major cities of the world have received many visitors.
- C. people have immigrated to other countries due to overpopulation.
- D. living in a new place implies many changes for immigrants.

4 - 6

People are living longer in the United States. As a result, more and more middle aged adults are becoming caretakers of their aging parents. When their parents can no longer care for themselves, these adults stay at home to care for them in much the same way they cared for their own children.

Playing the role of "parent sitter" is quite difficult and frustrating. For example, an aging parent may become blind. No longer able to see, the old person needs his or her children to perform many every day jobs. Another example is the parent who becomes brain damaged during the aging process. Natural roles are then reversed, as children are forced to care for their parents as if their parents were children.

4. The underlined words middle aged can be replaced by

- A. very young people.
- B. ancient people.
- C. very old people.
- D. people in their 50's.

5. According to the text, the underlined words "parent sitter" refer to a person who

- A. takes care of his/her father or mother.
- B. loves and works for his/her family.
- C. looks after his/her children.
- D. likes helping his/her relatives.

6. The main idea of this text is:

- A. Sons and daughters take care of their parents because of longevity.
- B. Children do not like to take care of their parents.
- C. The natural roles of parents and children have changed throughout history.
- D. Parents stay at home to take care of their children.

7 - 9

The United States is now becoming a non-smoking society. Across the country, hundreds of towns and cities, and even entire states, are passing strict laws to control the sale and use of cigarettes. In New York, for example, smoking is illegal in public buildings, hospitals, schools, banks, stores, movie theaters, taxi-cabs, and restrooms, to name a few places. In addition, smoking is prohibited anywhere in the U.S. on airline flights that last two hours or less. And now many private companies have also made rules prohibiting cigarette smoking. At least 40% of American companies restrict smoking by their employees. Company policies are mostly of three kinds: they prohibit smoking by employees when they are working, they hire only non-smokers, or they force workers who smoke to quit smoking.

7. The underlined sentence they force workers who smoke to quit smoking means that

- A. workers are hired because they smoke.
- B. workers have to give up smoking if they want to continue working.
- C. workers are required to smoke if they want to continue working.
- D. workers are fired because they smoke.

8. According to the text, we can infer that

- A. none of the company policies ban smoking.
- B. all of the company policies ban smokers.
- C. the first policy bans smoking, and the other two, ban smokers.
- D. the first and second policies ban smokers, and the last one bans smoking.

9. According to the text, the author's intention is to

- A. describe how the U.S. is regulating smoking.
- B. promote discrimination against smokers in the U.S.
- C. protest against people who smoke in the U.S.
- D. show how smokers can quit smoking in the U.S.

10 - 12

We owe our nation's state park system to one of the world's most recognizable landmarks -Niagara Falls. By 1880, a ring of industrial sites and man-made attractions had so completely choked off public access to the falls that the only views from American soil were on private land. News of Niagara's plight spread when a group of artists and politicians spearheaded a campaign to buy back the land, creating a preserve. Finally in 1885, after six years of legislative wrangling, New York Governor David B. Hill dedicated the famous landmark "free to mankind", and our state park system was born.

America's parks really took off in the 1930's when the country was booming with public works projects. The Civilian Conservation Corps built camps and trails that gave Americans access to the outdoors. Now, there are more than 5,000 state parks, nearly ninety-five times the number of national parks. That means at least a few per state, or a short drive for most families.

10. The underlined expression choked off can be replaced by

- A. suspended.
- B. increased.
- C. promoted.
- D. eliminated.

11. The underlined sentence America's parks really took off in the 1930's, when the country was booming with public works projects means that

- A. America's parks were destroyed in the 1930's because of the increase of public works projects.
- B. America's parks began to emerge in the 1930's due to the decrease of public works projects.
- C. public works projects increased because of the beginning of America's parks in the 1930's.
- D. public works projects encouraged the beginning of America's parks in the 1930's.

12. The title of the text could be

- A. The history of America's state parks
- B. How were America's national parks born?
- C. Why visit America's state parks?
- D. A guide to America's national parks

13 - 15 Folk Music

The drum music of Western Africa played an important role in communicating over long distances. Drummers used tone and rhythm to send messages from village to village. Therefore, it was easy for people to get in contact with each other. In Japan, a special type of music called Koto music had a different use. Musicians played the Koto to accompany classical plays. One kind of music that was typical in Arabian countries was the Huda. It had a special rhythm, which imitated the rhythm of a camel's walk. Experts believe that Arabs thought this music would keep them safe from spirits in the desert.

13. The underlined word Therefore can be replaced by

- A. In the same way.
- B. On the other hand.
- C. As a result.
- D. That is.

14. The underlined expression, a different use, establishes a relationship of contrast with

- A. the use of rhythm in Arabian music.
- B. Koto music to accompany plays.
- C. folk music for telling stories and poetry.
- D. the role of drum music for Africans.

15. The conclusion of this text could be:

- A. Music had more purposes than just entertainment in the past.
- B. Folk music was very important in Africa and India.
- C. Folk music started with drums as its main instrument during the last decade.
- D. Music has evolved differently in different cultures.

16 - 18

Meteorologists are scientists who study the weather and make weather predictions. In order to make a successful reading, meteorologists must take a lot of things into consideration. In fact, the data required are collected several times a day from different sources all over the world. To gather this information, special types of instruments are used. These data are of course valuable to everybody since the reports and warnings that meteorologists give are usually reliable. Failing to take their advice could, in some cases, be a matter of life or death.

16. The underlined word valuable can be replaced with

- A. expensive.
- B. useless.
- C. necessary.
- D. useful.

17. The underlined expression usually reliable supports one of the following ideas:

- A. Weather information is generally accurate.
- B. Meteorologists read very successfully.
- C. Meteorologists work really hard.
- D. Weather information is rarely precise.

18. The underlined sentence, Failing to take their advice could, in some cases, be a matter of life or death, communicates the idea that

- A. meteorologists. observations are sometimes right.
- B. it is necessary to ignore scientists. recommendations.
- C. it is prudent to pay attention to meteorologists. suggestions.
- D. scientists. directions are usually inefficient.

19 - 21 Zoos

Zoos are basically designed for human entertainment. People can learn little or nothing from seeing poor undignified animals forced to go round and round in cages. Tests have shown that penned-up animals suffer high levels of stress and boredom not to mention physical harm. Those who claim that zoos prevent the extinction of endangered species should ask themselves whether it is really preferable for them to live in such a demeaning and artificial environment than not to live at all.

19. From the underlined sentence people can learn little or nothing from seeing poor undignified animals forced to go round and round in cages, we can conclude that

- A. animals cannot teach us anything about themselves.
- B. people are wasting their time, if they visit zoos in order to learn about animals.
- C. visiting zoos can be a really enriching experience.
- D. people who do not know anything about animals can visit zoos to learn about them.

20. Based on the text, the author uses the underlined word demeaning to communicate that animals

- A. live in comfortable conditions.
- B. deserve respect.
- C. have a life of pleasure.
- D. prefer to live in zoos.

21. The intention of the author in this article is to

- A. describe the life of animals in zoos.
- B. advise animals about their poor conditions.
- C. invite people to visit as many zoos as possible.
- D. make people reflect on the life of animals in a zoo.

22 - 24

A few years ago, scientists videotaped mothers' reactions to young babies. They needed a baby for their research. Although it was a boy, they dressed it in pink. They then gave it to several mothers to hold. Because the baby was dressed in pink, everyone praised its appearance and said things like, "There's a pretty girl!". When the baby made a noise, or moved, they tried to calm it down by saying, "Stop crying, darling".

The scientists then dressed the same baby in blue. In spite of the fact that it was the same baby, the mothers' reactions were completely different. This time they said things like, "What a big strong boy!" When the baby moved or made a loud noise, they laughed and encouraged it, saying, "Listen to that shout! What strong lungs!" Although the baby's size hadn't changed and the cries were identical, mothers reacted differently to the baby in blue.

22. The underlined sentence, everyone praised its appearance, means the same as

- A. people criticized the boy's looks.
- B. people expressed positive feelings about the baby's physical aspect.
- C. people censured the boy's clothes.
- D. people demonstrated negative attitudes towards the baby's actions.

23. According to the two types of reactions that the mothers showed, we can state that

- A. if the mothers thought the baby was a boy, they talked to him softly.
- B. if the baby boy cried, the mothers were very rude.
- C. if the mothers thought the baby was a girl, they talked to her energetically.
- D. if the baby girl cried, the mothers were very gentle.

24. Based on the context, we can say that

- A. people's behavior towards babies is influenced by colors.
- B. there is a strong natural relationship between color and a child's sex.
- C. babies' behavior depends on the color they are wearing.
- D. there's a poor association between a baby's actions and the mother's reactions.

25 - 27

The story of Santa Claus began with a kind bishop named Saint Nicholas. He lived during the fourth century in what is now Turkey. He often gave presents to children and poor people in secret. One day he heard about three young sisters. They were poor, lived alone, and had nothing to eat. So he climbed up on their roof, and dropped three bags of gold down their chimney. The legend of this good saint and his generosity grew. Now, children believe that Santa Claus lives at the North Pole with his wife and his reindeer. This friendly old man wears a red coat and black boots, and has a long white beard. Over the centuries he has come to be considered magical and a symbol of Christmas time.

25. A proper title for this reading would be:

- A. Santa Claus and Christmas beliefs.
- B. Christmas traditions and Santa Claus stories.
- C. Traditional stories at Christmas time.
- D. History of, and beliefs about Santa Claus.

26. An important idea that could be taken from the reading is:

- A. For many years Santa Claus has helped people, and he became important around the world in this era.
- B. For a few years Santa Claus has been considered a magician because he flies over the roofs.
- C. For a few years Santa Claus has given presents to poor people, so that they will consider him a generous man.
- D. For many years people have thought Santa Claus is a kind man for his generosity at Christmas.

27. According to the reading, this is

- A. an account about stories of people at Christmas time.
- B. a summary of events about Santa Claus' life.
- C. a tale about anecdotes of people at Christmas time.
- D. an abstract of Santa Claus and his friends' lives.

The pen is mightier than the sword, they say; so why not use it? Write to packaging manufacturers and ask them to forgo CFCs and excess packaging on items you buy regularly. Write to manufacturers of canned goods and ask them to remove the sugar. Write to paper suppliers and ask them to produce unbleached and recycled paper.

28. In the text, the underlined word it refers to:

- A. The pen
- B. Letters
- C. The sword
- D. Items

29. In the text, the underlined word regularly means

- A. Only
- B. Rarely
- C. Frequently
- D. Lately

30. In the text, the words canned goods mean:

- A. Plastic goods
- B. Dog food
- C. Metal goods
- D. Tinned food

31 - 33

It is time to get away! Let yourself be enchanted by landscapes where clear, blue waters catch the light of green hills and red rocks. Take in the clean, fresh air; enjoy the unusual; walk through boutiques, museums, galleries and amusement parks, or simply relax as time passes peaceful by... The province's resorts offer all this, and more.

31. According to the text:

- A. You usually visit provincial resorts.
- B. You are going to hate our province's resorts.
- C. You are marvellous for province's resorts.
- D. You can be marvelled by province's resorts.

32. The underlined expression Let yourself be enchanted by landscapes means:

- A. Let yourself be motivated by amusement buildings.
- B. Let yourself be attracted by splendid views.
- C. Let yourself be unhappy to see a paradise.
- D. Let yourself be anxious to take photographs.

33. The most appropriate title for this text is:

- A. Summer Vacation
- B. A Natural Park
- C. Western Places
- D. A Luxurious City

34 - 36

In the early 1950.s rock and roll radically changed the way people thought about music. Before that time, songs were generally popular because they appealed to a broad spectrum of people, and the music and lyrics were more important than the individuals who performed them. Rock and roll merged the music and the performer and aimed itself at a young audience teenagers. In writing and performing songs that spoke specifically to teenagers, Chuck Berry, a black rhythm and blues musician from St. Louis, helped invent rock and roll.

34. The underlined word they refers to:

- A. people
- B. 1950.s
- C. lyrics
- D. songs

35. The underlined word spectrum can be replaced by:

- A. community
- B. troop
- C. group
- D. quality

36. The underlined word merged means the same as:

- A. marked
- B. joined
- C. emerged
- D. divided

37 - 39

S.A.F.E. (Stop All- Fur Wearing Everywhere) is an American organization whose intent is to make people conscious of the cruelty of wearing fur. Around the country, thousands of people have turned in their fur hats, jackets, stoles and coats to S.A.F.E. offices. Locally, we have received twelve fur items so far.

On August 28, there will be nationwide fur-burying ceremonies by S.A.F.E. members. Ours will be at the Nordstrom Farm at 11 AM. After we have buried the furs, we will plant trees on the site as a memorial for the animals that died for vanity and fashion.

We urge you to hand over your fur clothes before August 28 and to join us for the ceremony that day.

37. An adequate definition for the underlined word fur would be

- A. the hard, outer covering of some animals.
- B. the flexible, outer covering of a human or animal body.
- C. the thick, hairy outer layer of some animals.
- D. the natural, outer layer which covers a person or an animal.

38. The underlined sentence thousands of people have turned in their fur hats, jackets, stoles and coats to S.A.F.E. offices, suggests that

- A. people rejected S.A.F.E.'s claim.
- B. people didn't care about S.A.F.E.'s invitation.
- C. people didn't answer S.A.F.E.'s demand.
- D. people responded to S.A.F.E.'s request.

39. According to the context, this text can be found in

- A. an encyclopedia entry.
- B. a newspaper article.
- C. an ecology bulletin.
- D. a fashion magazine.

40 - 42

No matter what you may think and contrary to popular belief, pasta is not an Italian invention, but a Chinese one. It is said that Marco Polo, the explorer, learned the recipe for pasta from the Chinese and brought it to Italy.

Nowadays, pasta is the most important food in Italy. It is served as a starter to every meal. It is not only popular in Italy but also in other countries where it is served with different sauces. There are so many that even the most demanding eaters are sure to find something they like.

40. According to the context, the underlined word starter means

- A. someone who begins something.
- B. sweet food eaten at the end of a meal.
- C. something that begins an activity.
- D. food served as the first part of a meal.

41. The intention of the first paragraph of the text is

- A. to correct the idea people have about the origin of pasta.
- B. to explain how people all over the world eat pasta.
- C. to compare different types of sauces used with pasta.
- D. to support the traditional concept we have about pasta.

42. The text suggests that thanks to

- A. Marco Polo, the Chinese know how to sell pasta.
- B. China, people know how to cook pasta.
- C. Marco Polo, the Italians know how to make pasta.
- D. Italy, the world knows how to eat pasta.

43 - 45

Once, long ago, the sky was very close to the earth, and people walked on their hands and knees. They could not stand up. At that time, there were some birds called magpies. They were intelligent birds that thought they could raise the sky. They got sticks and pushed. They raised the sky a little bit, and then they got big stones and rested the sky on them. People stood up. The birds raised the sky again. Suddenly it split open and people saw the first beautiful sunrise. The magpies started singing. Since then, birds have always sung at sunrise.

(A legend from Australia)

43. According to the text,

- A. birds raised the sky because they wanted to see a sunrise and sing.
- B. people could not stand up because there wasn't enough space between the land and the sky.
- C. birds started singing because people could stand up and walk.
- D. people could not see the sun because they walked on their hands and knees.

44. The underlined word them refers to

- A. magpies.
- B. sticks.
- C. birds.
- D. stones.

45. From the legend, we can now understand

- A. why people can stand up and walk.
- B. how people lived a long time ago.
- C. why birds sing in the morning.
- D. how birds raised the sky.

46 - 48

When you get up in the morning, you probably don't think much about all the dangers you face even before you leave the house. When people think of getting hurt, the first thing that comes to mind is a car or plane accident. The truth is, however, that millions of people suffer serious injuries, and even death, in their own homes.

Falls on stairs account for 30% of all accidental deaths at home. And be careful as you plug in the toaster: many people die from electrocution due to bad electrical wiring. In fact, you should think twice before biting into that piece of toast, because statistics indicate that thousands of people die each year as a result of choking on food. With all these hidden dangers, you might think that it would be safer just to stay in bed. Well, think again. A surprising number of people are injured while in, or around a bed. And that is precisely where most people die.

46. The underlined expression due to can be replaced by

- A. in addition.
- B. because of.
- C. besides that.
- D. in contrast.

47. The underlined sentence you should think twice before biting into that piece of toast suggests that

- A. you shouldn't eat toast for breakfast.
- B. you will get hurt if you eat toast at home.
- C. you need to be careful while you are eating.
- D. you mustn't worry about what you have for breakfast.

48. According to the text,

- A. most of the accidental deaths at home are related to falling down stairs, choking on food and making the bed.
- B. many people are not worried about the dangers they face when they are outside the house traveling by car or plane.
- C. people have to be aware of the dangers around them not only when they are out but even at home.
- D. in order to avoid accidents, people have to leave home and not travel by car or by plane.

49 - 51

THE TRAMP

A tramp was sleeping on a park bench late at night. A man and woman went past. One of them tapped him on the shoulder and asked, "Excuse me! What's the time?". The tramp was very annoyed at being woken up. "I don't know!", he said angrily. "I don't have a watch". And he went back to sleep.

Some time later another man who was passing by, woke the tramp up and said, "I'm sorry to bother you, but I wonder if you could tell me what time it is".

Again the tramp said that he didn't know. By now he was very irritated so he got a pen and a piece of paper and wrote "I DON'T KNOW WHAT THE TIME IS" on it, and went back to sleep.

Half an hour later, a policeman went by. He read the sign, woke the tramp up and said: "It's 2:30, sir".

49. Based on the text, we can conclude that

- A. it was an unlucky night for the man.
- B. the man should have had a watch.
- C. the man was finally able to sleep well.

D. it was a lucky day for the man.

50. The underlined word it refers to:

- A. the watch.
- B. the park bench.
- C. the piece of paper.
- D. the pen.

51. The underlined sentence He read the sign, woke the tramp up and said: "It's 2:30, sir", implies that the policeman

- A. hated people who sleep on park benches.
- B. didn't want the man to stay there anymore.
- C. wanted to start a conversation with the man.
- D. thought the tramp wanted to know the time.

Pregunta	Clave	Ámbito	Competencia
1	B	Comprensión de textos	Textual
2	B	Comprensión de textos	Textual
3	D	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
4	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
5	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
6	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
7	B	Comprensión de textos	Textual
8	C	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
9	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
10	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
11	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
12	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
13	C	Comprensión de textos	Textual
14	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
15	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
16	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
17	A	Comprensión de textos	Textual
18	C	Comprensión de textos	Textual
19	B	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
20	B	Comprensión de textos	Textual
21	D	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
22	B	Comprensión de textos	Textual
23	D	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
24	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
25	D	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
26	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
27	B	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
28	A	Comprensión de textos	Textual
29	C	Comprensión de textos	Textual
30	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
31	D	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
32	B	Comprensión de textos	Textual
33	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
34	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
35	C	Comprensión de textos	Textual
36	B	Comprensión de textos	Textual
37	C	Comprensión de textos	Textual
38	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
39	C	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
40	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
41	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
42	C	Comprensión de textos	Textual
43	B	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
44	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual
45	C	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
46	B	Comprensión de textos	Textual
47	C	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
48	C	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
49	A	Comprensión de textos	Coherencia textual
50	C	Comprensión de textos	Textual
51	D	Comprensión de textos	Textual

CONSTRUCCIÓN DE ORACIONES

1. Paul and Carol ran into each other in the park. While they are talking, Carol asks him where he is going this summer. Paul says:

- A. I am thinking to go to Germany.
- B. I am thinking of going to Germany.
- C. I am thinking to going to Germany.
- D. I am thinking of go to Germany.

2. Carol is doing research on the book Moby Dick. She asks her literature teacher about the author of this book. The teacher answers:

- A. Moby Dick was writing by Herman Melville.
- B. Moby Dick was write by Herman Melville.
- C. Moby Dick was wrote by Herman Melville.
- D. Moby Dick was written by Herman Melville.

3. Peter's room smelled like cigarettes yesterday.

- A. In the room somebody had been smoking.
- B. Smoking had been somebody in the room.
- C. Somebody had been smoking in the room.
- D. In the room smoking had been somebody.

4. Two boys are talking about their duties at home. Aurelio says:

- A. I hate ironing, but I have to do it once a week.
- B. I have to iron, but I hate once a week to do it.
- C. I hate to ironing, but I have to do it a week once.
- D. I have iron but, I hate to do it a week once.

5. Tom is talking about his dreams.

- A. If I had money enough, I would buy a car.
- B. If I had enough money, I would bought a car.
- C. If I had enough money, I would buy a car.
- D. If I had money enough, I would bought a car.

6. Lisa went to the doctor because she was really concerned about her weight. The doctor told her that

- A. if she doesn't go on a diet, she wouldn't lose weight.
- B. if she didn't go on a diet, she wouldn't lose weight.
- C. if she wouldn't go on a diet, she doesn't lose weight.
- D. if she wouldn't go on a diet, she didn't lose weight.

7. Patricia's birthday was a week ago. She is telling her teacher about it.

- A. My grandfather gave me a watch.
- B. My grandfather given me a watch.
- C. My grandfather gives to me a watch.
- D. My grandfather to me gave a watch.

8. Edward is participating in a TV game show. The interviewer asks:

- A. When was Simon Bolivar born?
- B. When borns Simon Bolivar?
- C. When was Simon Bolivar borns?
- D. When borned Simon Bolivar?

9. Mathew had a meeting at his office with his boss and some clients at 9:00. At 9:30, his boss asked his secretary to call him to find out why he was late. After talking to Mathew, the secretary said:

- A. He say that there is a problem with his car.
- B. He say that a problem with his car there was.
- C. He said that there was a problem with his car.
- D. He said that a problem with his car there is.

10. Lisbeth is tired because

- A. she has been swim for two hours.
- B. she has swim for two hours.
- C. she has been swimming for two hours.
- D. she has swimming for two hours.

11. A zoo guide is describing and comparing some animals for a tourist group. He is saying:

- A. A hippo is heavier and bigger than a panda bear.
- B. A hippo is more heavy and big than a panda bear.
- C. A hippo is he aviest and biggest than a panda bear.
- D. A hippo is more heavier and big than a panda bear.

12. John has been reading about mountains in his encyclopaedia. He learned that

- A. Mount Aconcagua is the most high mountain in America.
- B. Mount Aconcagua is the highest mountain in America.
- C. Mount Aconcagua is the higher mountain in America.
- D. Mount Aconcagua is the more high mountain in America.

13. Steve is talking to a friend about the first thing he normally does as soon as he gets home.

- A. "I turn on frequently the TV right after I get home from work."
- B. "I turn on the TV right after I frequently get home from work."
- C. "I turn on the TV right after I get home from work frequently."
- D. "I frequently turn on the TV right after I get home from work."

14. When Charles and Vicky were asked about Jack,

- A. they said they hadn't seen Jack for a long time.
- B. they say they hadn't seen Jack for a long time.
- C. they told they hadn't seen Jack for a long time.
- D. they tell they hadn't seen Jack for a long time.

15. Peggy and Michael are talking about restrictions on smoking in public places.

- A. In recent years, more and more public places have been restricted smoking.
- B. More and more public places have been restricted smoking in recent years.
- C. More and more public places in recent years have been restricting smoking.
- D. In recent years, more and more public places have been restricting smoking.

16. Catherine is talking about the place where she went on vacation.

- A. Cartagena is an old Colombian lovely city.
- B. Cartagena is an old lovely Colombian city.
- C. Cartagena is a Colombian old lovely city.
- D. Cartagena is a lovely old Colombian city.

17. Paul and his daughter Annie are looking at some family pictures. He says:

- A. I used to had long hair when I was younger.
- B. When I was younger, I used to have long hair.
- C. I use to had long hair when I was younger.
- D. When I was younger, I use to have long hair.

18. Carol and Francis are talking about the changes in temperature over the last few days. Carol says:

- A. Yesterday was more hot than today.
- B. Yesterday was as hotter as today.
- C. Yesterday was much hot than today.
- D. Yesterday was hotter than today.

19. One Hundred Years of Solitude is a famous novel by Gabriel Garcia Marquez. People all over the world have been able to read it because

- A. it have been translated into different languages.
- B. it has been translate into different languages.
- C. it has been translated into different languages.
- D. it have been translate into different languages.

20. Paul has just found a good job. Today was his first day. His friend George asks:

- A. How is your job new, Paul?

- B. How are your new job, Paul?
- C. Paul, how is your new job?
- D. Paul, how are your job new?

21. Two friends were talking about a picnic day they had two days before. One of them said to the other:

- A. See? I tell you it was going to be fun.
- B. See? I told you it is going to be fun.
- C. See? I told you it was going to be fun.
- D. See? I tell you it is going to be fun.

Pregunta	Clave	Ámbito	Competencia
1	B	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
2	D	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
3	C	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
4	A	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
5	C	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
6	B	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
7	A	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
8	A	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
9	C	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
10	C	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
11	B	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
12	A	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
13	D	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
14	A	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
15	D	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
16	D	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
17	B	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
18	D	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
19	C	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
20	C	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical
21	C	Construcción de oraciones	Gramatical

CONSTRUCCIÓN DE PARRAFOS

1 - 3

1992 marked the 500th (1) of Christopher Columbus' discovery of the New World. Many people do not know that other explorers came to North America before Columbus. However, these (2) explorations do nothing to diminish the fact that when Columbus landed in the Bahamas and (3) to report his discoveries, he opened the North and South American continents to further exploration and eventual settlement.

- | | | |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. | 2. | 3. |
| A. centenary | A. following | A. arrived at |
| B. anniversary | B. earlier | B. came from |
| C. celebration | C. previously | C. moved out |
| D. birthday | D. later | D. went back |

4 - 6

The happiest person in England today is a professional, married man (4) lives in the southern part of the country. He owns a comfortable house and (5) two cars. He has a steady job in an office in London. (6) a hard day at work, he relaxes in front of the television and watches a video with his two children.

- | | | |
|----------|-----------|----------|
| 4. | 5. | 6. |
| A. which | A. has | A. Then |
| B. whose | B. having | B. Later |
| C. where | C. have | C. After |
| D. who | D. had | D. Next |

7. Valerie is talking to her friend Bob about her uncle Alan

1. He has been doing the same job for nearly 40 years,
2. I was a girl. So he hasn't changed much.
3. and he has been driving the same car since
4. My uncle's been living in the same house since the 50.s.

- A. 2,1,3,4
- B. 4,3,1,2
- C. 2,4,1,3
- D. 4,1,3,2

8. Sue will be home late and has left a note for her husband about things she wants him to do:

1. and my jacket at the dry cleaner?
2. I'll be home late tonight.
3. Will you please pick up the children at school,
4. Don't wait for me because

- A. 2,3,4,1
- B. 3,4,1,2
- C. 4,2,3,1
- D. 3,2,1,4

9 - 11

The belief that all snakes are poisonous is wrong. Of the 3,000 or so species of snakes that have been classified, 400 are dangerous and only a few are deadly. 9 do snakes bite? It is a defense mechanism to 10 themselves. Another reason is to kill 11 prey, if they are to live. In general, snakes will not bite unless there is a disturbance of some sort.

- | | | |
|---------|------------|-----------|
| 9. | 10. | 11. |
| A. When | A. attack | A. their |
| B. What | B. protect | B. yours |
| C. How | C. affect | C. your |
| D. Why | D. prevent | D. theirs |

12 - 14

Japanese couples 12 a list of wedding presents; friends and relatives are expected to give cash instead. During a typical Shinto ceremony, the bride 13 a kimono and only the relatives of the bride and groom 14 attend the actual ceremony.

12. A. have

- B. don't have
- C. had
- D. didn't have

- A. carries
- B. takes
- C. wears
- D. brings

- A. never
- B. rarely
- C. ever
- D. usually

13.

14.

15. London was the world's biggest city at the time of World War II but now it isn't. According to historians:

1. but now there are many cities
2. From about 1800 until World War II,
3. London was the biggest city in the world,
4. which are much bigger.

- A. 2,1,4,3
- B. 2,3,1,4
- C. 3,2,1,4
- D. 3,1,2,4

16. Amy Johnson is from England and she is known for being the first woman pilot to fly to Australia.

1. and she became the first woman pilot to fly to Australia.
2. when she was still a school girl.
3. There, she was taught how to service planes
4. Amy Johnson joined the London Aeroplane Club

- A. 3,2,4,1
- B. 2,4,1,3
- C. 4,2,3,1
- D. 4,1,2,3

17 - 19

Matter is the name given to everything 17 has weight and 18 space. It may usually be detected by the senses of touch, sight 19 smell. Matter may exist in three states: solid, liquid and gas.

17.

18.

19 .

- A. what
- B. where
- C. who
- D. which

- A. occupied
- B. occupies
- C. occupying
- D. occupy

- A. or
- B. by
- C. of
- D. nor

20 - 22

Jogging is good exercise when it is done regularly: at least three times a week. It strengthens the leg muscles, and, 20 it forces the heart to beat faster, it also improves blood circulation. Many people also jog 21 control their weight. Joggers burn up 62 calories for every kilometer they run. 22, jogging helps decrease levels of emotional stress.

20.

- A. since
- B. thus
- C. also
- D. furthermore

21.

- A. helping
- B. help with
- C. helps
- D. to help

22.

- A. However
- B. In addition
- C. In contrast
- D. Whereas

23. One of the little peculiarities of the way in which houses are bought and sold in England and Wales is the estate agent system,

1. whereby the selling of a house is handed over to a group of professionals
2. who do their best to exaggerate
3. its virtues and play down its defects
4. in a very special language of their own.

- A. 2, 3, 1, 4
- B. 3, 2, 1, 4
- C. 2, 1, 3, 4
- D. 1, 2, 3, 4

24. The first real counting machine was invented by a Frenchman called Blaise Pascal in the XVII century.

1. One man who inspected the machine was Gottfried Leibniz, who was born in Saxony in 1646.
2. Leibniz used the binary system to simplify the number of wheels and cogs a calculator needed. It was a very important improvement,
3. but Leibniz was too busy with other questions to work out the idea.
4. It did additions and subtractions but very few people were convinced of its value.

- A. 1, 2, 3, 4
- B. 4, 1, 2, 3
- C. 4, 2, 3, 1
- D. 2, 3, 1, 4

25 - 27

The people who live on the South Sea Islands 25 Polynesians. These people first came to the islands a long time ago, 26 across thousands of miles of ocean in tiny boats. It took great 27 to face the winds and storms, the sharks and other dangerous creatures of the ocean, and to journey to unknown islands.

25.

- A. were named
- B. are called
- C. were known
- D. are introduced

26.

- A. swimming
- B. surfing
- C. shipping
- D. sailing

27.

- A. bravery
- B. anger
- C. risk
- D. danger

28 - 30

Bread is an important part of what we eat. Bread has been present in man's diet 28 prehistoric times. In fact, the Egyptians made bread four thousand years ago, and the ancient Romans had a public oven in 29 they could bake their daily supply. Recent studies have shown that bread has nutritional value. 30 protein, bread contains plenty of starch, calcium and vitamin B.

28.

- A. for
- B. about
- C. from
- D. since

29.

- A. where
- B. what
- C. whose
- D. which

30.

- A. Besides
- B. In contrast
- C. In addition
- D. Moreover

31. Some of the words we use today come from the names of people who lived in the past.

1. that is done to remove a baby from its mother's womb.
- 2 The name comes from the name of the Roman Emperor Julius Caesar,
3. who was reputedly born this way.
4. A Cesarean section is a surgical operation

- A. 2,3,4,1
- B. 4,1,2,3
- C. 2,1,4,3
- D. 4,3,2,1

32. Ruth is reading a manual of instructions for her new video camera and she finds this question:
Ever notice that people sometimes look older in videos than they do in person?

1. That is why it's helpful to use a video light both day and night
2. whether you are shooting inside or outside.
3. That is because bright light from overhead bulbs or the sun
4. can cast unattractive shadows down a person's face.

- A. 1,2,3,4
- B. 3,4,1,2
- C. 1,4,3,2
- D. 3,2,1,4

33 - 35

Patrick and Pauline Peters got married six months ago and they are already famous for their fights.
Mrs.

White, who lives opposite, says: (34) I asked them nicely to stop fighting because my baby couldn't get to sleep, but they didn't. Then my husband knocked at their door and told them to stop. They threw a chair at him. (35) , we decided to call the police. Mr. and Mrs. Peters admitted to the police (36) they had been arguing. However, they denied having thrown the chair.!

34.

- A. When
- B. Before
- C. First
- D. Thus

35.

- A. Therefore
- B. In this respect
- C. In the same way
- D. Besides

36.

- A. which
- B. how
- C. what
- D. that

37. Karen is studying English at a school in London. She lives with an English family, the Browns. She writes her friend David a letter to tell him about them. Let's read the first paragraph.

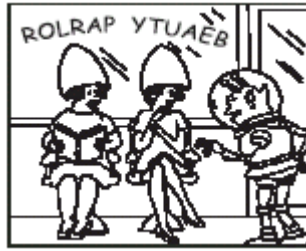
1. but it isn't easy to understand them!
2. Mr. and Mrs. Brown have three children.
3. My new address is at the top of the letter. I'm with an English family, the Browns.
4. Thomas is fourteen, Catherine is twelve, and Andrew is seven. They are very friendly,

- A. 3, 4, 2, 1
- B. 4, 2, 3, 1
- C. 3, 2, 4, 1
- D. 4, 3, 2, 1

Pregunta	Clave	Ámbito	Competencia
1	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
2	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
3	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
4	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
5	A	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
6	C	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
7	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
8	C	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
9	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
10	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
11	A	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
12	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
13	C	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
14	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
15	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
16	C	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
17	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
18	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
19	A	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
20	A	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
21	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
22	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
23	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
24	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
25	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
26	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
27	A	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
28	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
29	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
30	A	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
31	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
32	B	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
33	C	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
34	A	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
35	D	Construcción de párrafos	Textual
36	C	Construcción de párrafos	Textual

INTERPRETACIÓN DE GRÁFICAS

1. An alien at a Beauty



Parlor According to the picture

- A. he is friendly, and they are astonished.
- B. he is confused, and they are frightened.
- C. they are frustrated, and he is embarrassed.
- D. they are disgusted, and he is charming.

2. Mrs. Parker's at the market.



According to the picture,

- A. the man is buying fruit when Mrs. Parker's wallet falls on the ground. The man picks it up and delivers it to a police officer.
- B. the man is helping Mrs. Parker choose some fruit when she notices her wallet is being picked up by a police officer. The man catches him.
- C. the man isn't buying fruit. He is taking Mrs. Parker's wallet. The man runs away, but a police officer pursues and catches him.
- D. the man is looking at Mrs. Parker's wallet and takes it. Then Mrs. Parker pursues him until she finds a police officer.

3. Judy was in a department store. These are some of the objects that she bought:



These objects are made of:

- A. steel, leather, and wood.
- B. steel, silk, and wood.
- C. wood, leather, and silver.
- D. steel, cotton, and leather.

4. Mike is cooking dinner



He might be

- A. crying because he cut his finger.
- B. shouting because the food burnt.
- C. moaning because he burnt his finger.
- D. screaming because the dog bit his finger.

5. Ralph is at a restaurant and he has been waiting for a long time.



"Are you ready to order?"

According to the picture,

- A. he seems to be anxious, and she is desperate.
- B. he seems to be resigned, and she is cool.
- C. she is annoyed, and he seems to be serene.
- D. she is worried, and he seems to be upset.

6. According to the picture, the man can't get into the house because



- A. the window is too big.
- B. he is too tall.
- C. he is too fat.
- D. the window is too high.

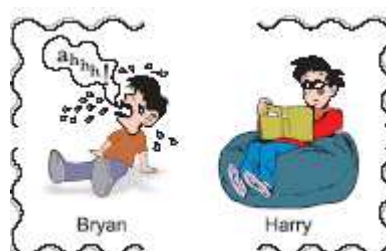
7. Bob and Paula are canoeing.



According to the picture, they are

- A. concerned.
- B. confused.
- C. bored.
- D. frightened.

8. Bryan and Harry are brothers. Their mother told them that it was time to do their homework. They reacted differently.



According to the picture, we can say that

- A. Harry is more intelligent than Bryan.
- B. Bryan is not as disciplined as Harry.
- C. Harry is less patient than Bryan.
- D. Bryan is not as young as Harry.

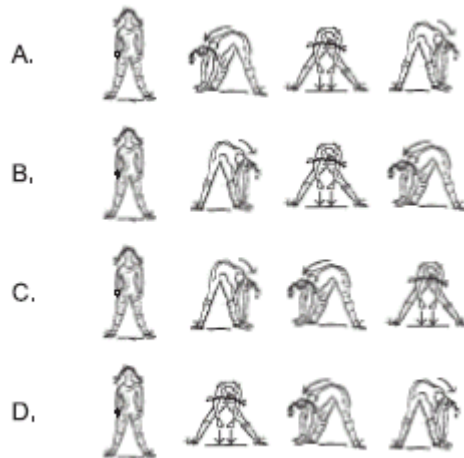
9. After three years, Mary was finally able to marry George.



According to the picture, Mary feels

- A. ashamed.
- B. surprised.
- C. satisfied.
- D. worried.

10. Patty is doing aerobics. The instructor says: First, stand with your feet apart and your arms by your side. Next, bend down and touch your left foot with both hands. Count to eight. Now, turn your body to the right and touch your right foot. Count to eight again. Next, swing to the middle, touch the floor and count to eight once more. According to the text, the correct order to follow in the exercise is:



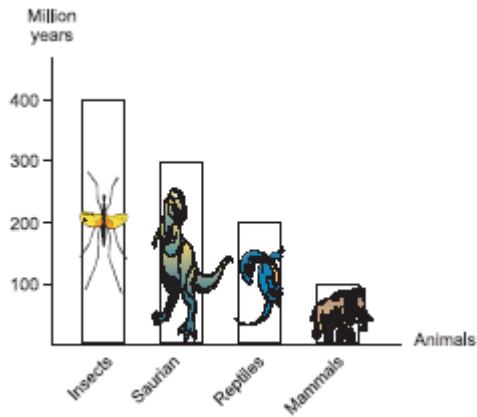
11. Jenny bought these Christmas gifts for her mother.



According to the picture, these gifts are made of

- A. nylon.
- B. leather.
- C. cloth.
- D. clay.

12.



According to the graph,

- A. 300 million years ago the type of animal life that existed on earth was mammals.
- B. reptiles were the predominant animals for 300-400 million years.
- C. the most recent type of animal life that has existed on earth is the saurian.
- D. 400 million years ago, insects were the only living species.

13. Vincent is at a clothing store trying a suit on because he is going to a wedding tonight.



According to the picture, if Vincent wants to go to the wedding, he

- A. can not wear his new suit.
- B. should buy a larger size.
- C. must not eat too much candy.
- D. has to go on a diet.

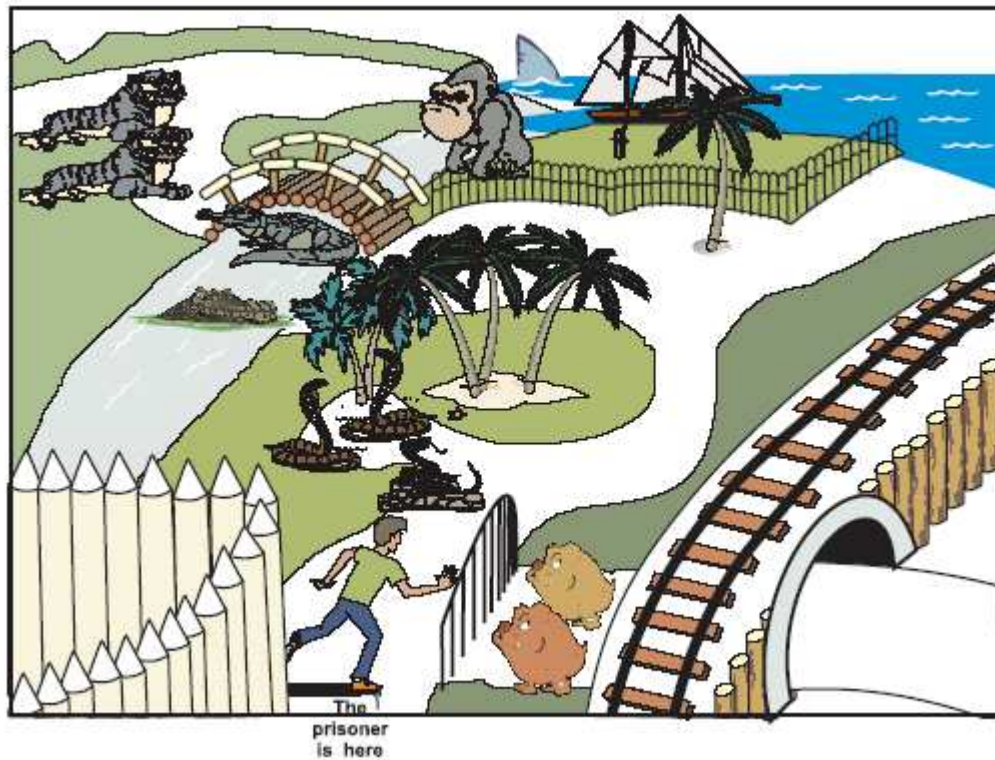
14. Michael is cooking in the kitchen.



According to the picture, Michael's mother is

- A. giving him directions about making a pizza.
- B. complaining because the kitchen is untidy.
- C. scolding him because the pizza is burning.
- D. advising him about tidying the kitchen up quickly.

15. This prisoner wants to escape from the island. He has to go from the barrier to the beach, and he must be very careful because the animals are dangerous. In order to reach his objective he has to follow the right path.



According to the picture, he has to

- A. first, go down the road, and after that, climb up the palm tree. Then, he has to jump into the river, and finally get into the boat.
- B. first, go down the road, and after that, go around the jungle. Then, he has to go over the bridge, and finally, jump into the boat.
- C. first, go down the road, and after that, go around the jungle. Then, he has to run over the bridge, and finally, swim fast to reach the boat.
- D. first, go down the road, and after that, climb up the palm tree. Then, he has to jump over the fence onto the beach, and finally, get into the boat.

16. The electrician cannot reach the ceiling. So, he says:

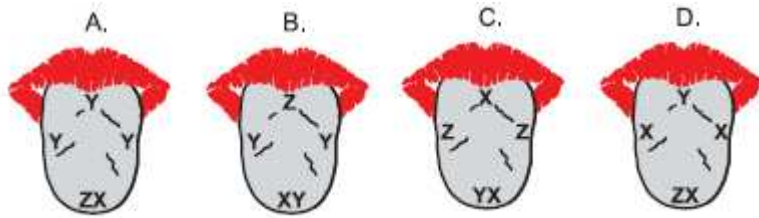


- A. I wish I had a longer ladder.
- B. If I had stairs, this would be easier.
- C. I wish I had a light bulb.
- D. If I had an elevator, I could do a good job.

17. People can sense sweet tastes most easily at the tip of the tongue. They can sense salty tastes at both the tip and the sides, and bitter ones at the back of the tongue.

- Sweet: X
- Salty: Y
- Bitter: Z

Choose the picture that best illustrates the information above.



18. Hector was given a jacket as a birthday present. Now, he is reading the washing instructions.



According to the picture, the correct way to take care of it is:

- A. Hand wash, do not dry in direct sunlight, steam iron.
- B. Machine wash, and do not dry clean, steam iron.
- C. Hand wash, dry clean, and do not iron.
- D. Machine wash, do not dry in direct sunlight, and iron.

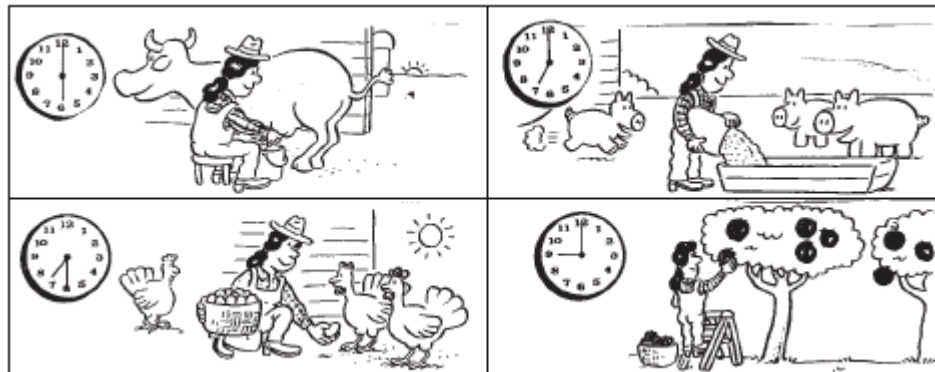
19. Magda is 15. She wants to surprise her boyfriend who works at a disco. Unfortunately, when she gets there, she finds a sign.



According to the picture, she probably feels

- A. excited.
- B. disappointed.
- C. anxious.
- D. uncomfortable.

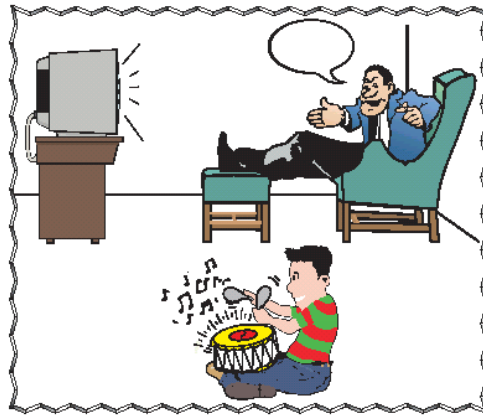
20. This is a typical day on a Colombian farm.



According to the clock, the woman

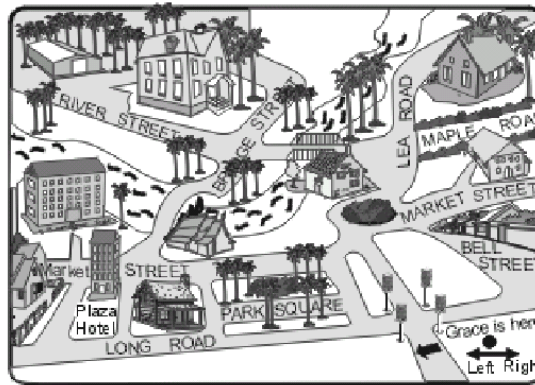
- A. gathered the eggs and after that fed the pigs.
- B. picked the oranges before milking the cow.
- C. milked the cow before feeding the pigs.
- D. gathered the eggs after picking the oranges.

21. The man is watching his favorite TV show. He does not like to be interrupted when he is doing it. So he is



- A. warning the child not to make noise.
- B. advising the child not to make noise.
- C. asking the child why he's noisy.
- D. complaining about the noisy child.

22. Grace is going to a meeting, but she doesn't know where the place is. She stops and asks someone: "Excuse me. How do I get to the Plaza Hotel?"



According to the map, the instructions can be:

- A. Go ahead one block and past the traffic lights. Turn left on Market Street and walk four blocks. Turn left on Wilson road. It's on your right.
- B. Go straight ahead and cross the road at the traffic lights. Turn right on Market Street at the roundabout. It's on the left.
- C. Turn left at the lights. Walk along Long Road and take the third right. Go straight one half block. It's on the left.
- D. Cross the road and go to the roundabout. Turn left on Market Street and walk three blocks. Turn right and walk to the next corner. It's ahead of you.

Pregunta	Clave	Ámbito	Competencia
1	A	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
2	C	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
3	A	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
4	C	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
5	B	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
6	C	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
7	D	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
8	B	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
9	C	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
10	C	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
11	B	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
12	D	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
13	B	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
14	C	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
15	D	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
16	A	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
17	B	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
18	D	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
19	B	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
20	C	Interpretación de gráficas	Gramatical
21	A	Interpretación de Gráficas	Gramatical
22	C	Interpretación de Gráficas	Gramatical

SITUACIONES COMUNICATIVAS

1. Al is in his bedroom when his mother arrives.

Mother: What are you doing, Al?

Al: I'm listening to music.

Mother: You have Math and German tests tomorrow.

Al: I know. _____. Math is easy, and I'm listening to a German song.

Mother: Al!

- A. I really have to study.
- B. Anyway, I don't like exams.
- C. But I don't need to study.
- D. I think exams are difficult.

2. Maggie and Anna live in an apartment and they have a dog as a pet. It's Sunday morning and they are in their apartment.

Maggie: I'm bored.

Anna: Well, it's a lovely day. Why don't we take the dog for a walk?

Maggie: I'm too tired.

Anna: You need to go out! _____

Maggie: Oh no! I'd prefer doing anything but going out.

- A. Let's go shopping!
- B. How awful for you!
- C. What about watching TV?
- D. Try not to worry.

3. Lucy is going to travel to Moscow. Now she is arranging her luggage.

Lucy: Have you seen my passport?

Mark: Your passport? _____

I saw it in the drawer last night.

Lucy: But it's not there.

Mark: Did you already look in your pocket diary?

Lucy: (she takes her pocket diary out.) Let's see. Yes, it's here! Thank you.

- A. Where on earth can it be?
- B. It can be on the night table.
- C. You are joking, aren't you?
- D. It's time for you to go. Hurry up!

4. Sara is reading a magazine about health and nutrition which gives advice about how to be healthy and keep your skin free of acne. It Says that

- A. you should put on make up. You shouldn't clean your face everyday.
- B. you should wash your face carefully. You shouldn't eat candy.
- C. you should do more exercise. You shouldn't sleep in the afternoon.
- D. you should eat chips everyday. You shouldn't drink pop and coffee.

5. Your boss is very busy and you need to talk to him. You insist on talking to him without letting him know. The secretary might suggest:

- A. You shouldn't be kind.
- B. You shouldn't disturb him.
- C. You shouldn't be patient.
- D. You shouldn't have lunch with him.

6. Frank is tidying his room and his sister, Sally, is helping him. Frank is throwing some things away.

Sally: Frank, what a nice poster!

Frank: Which one?

Sally: This one. The Shakira poster. Are you going to keep it?

Frank: No. Put it in the wastebasket.

Sally: _____

Frank: Oh, yes, I do. I like her music. But, I don't want the poster.

- A. Don't you like Shakira anymore?
- B. Have you heard her new song?
- C. Would you like a Shakira CD?
- D. Why don't you give it to me?

7. Tom is reading the newspaper.

Tom: You know, the Russian ballet has been here for a month and we still haven't seen it.

Paula: I know. _____

Tom: That sounds great!

- A. It must be wonderful.
- B. You could go tomorrow.
- C. Why don't we go tomorrow night?
- D. Do you have any suggestions?

8. Julia is at a shopping center with a friend. She is buying a jacket.

Julia: How much is it?

Seller: 500 dollars.

Julia: O.K. Just a moment, please. (She opens her handbag.) Oh no! I can't find my credit card.

Fred: Are you sure you brought it with you?

Julia: Yes. _____

Fred: Well, why don't you go to the information stand?

- A. I can't believe it!
- B. Have you seen it?
- C. Don't laugh at me!
- D. What should I do?

9. You are looking for a place to hang an advertisement for a concert. You find this sign:

POST NO BILLS

This means:

- A. You cannot pay any of your bills now.
- B. You should not pay for your invitation cards.
- C. You may not put any posters up here.
- D. You must not post any letters to this address.

10. Lisa is going to lend her camera to her friend Mike. She wrote him a note. Mike,

* Don't forget that it uses up batteries very quickly, so please be sure you turn it off when you aren't using it.

* Try to keep it in the case - especially if you take it to the beach.

In the note, Lisa is

- A. advising.
- B. informing.
- C. describing.
- D. verifying.

11. Luisa is at the market now. There she finds her friend, Teresa, who is a green grocer.

Luisa: Hi!

Teresa: Hello. You look pale. What's the matter?

Luisa: I don't feel well.

Teresa: Then, you shouldn't be here.

Luisa: Yes, but... I need some oranges.

Teresa: _____

Luisa: I didn't think about that. Next time I will do it.

- A. Would you like to eat them while watching TV in bed?
- B. You should have gone to the supermarket and bought a jar.
- C. You should have called me and asked me to take you some.
- D. Would you mind ordering them through your home computer?

12. Mrs. Johnson is shopping at the supermarket.

Mrs. Johnson: Do you have any fresh eggs?

Storekeeper: Absolutely! How many do you want?

Mrs. Johnson: _____

Storekeeper: Fifty cents a dozen.

Mrs. Johnson: O.K. Give me a half dozen, please.

- A. How much money do you have?
- B. How many are there?
- C. How much are they?
- D. How many eggs do you want?

13. A tourist has just arrived in New York. He is lost...

Miguel: Excuse me, ma'am. Can you help me?

Rose: Of course.

Miguel: _____

Rose: Just walk up Fifth Avenue to 50th Street. St. Patrick's is on the right.

Miguel: Is it near the Rockefeller Center?

Rose: Yes. It's right across from it.

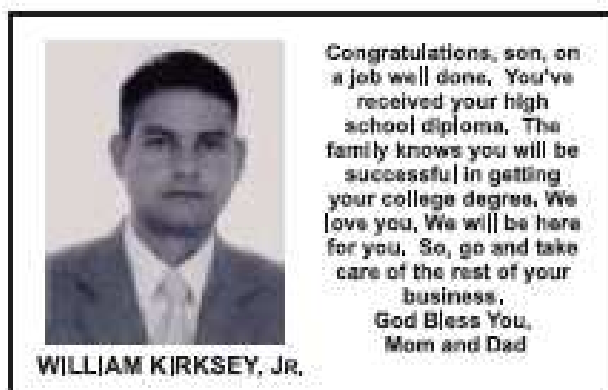
Miguel: Thank you.

- A. Can you tell me if St. Patrick's Cathedral is on Fifth Avenue?
- B. How do I get to St. Patrick's Cathedral?
- C. Are you going to tell me where St. Patrick's Cathedral is?
- D. Is St. Patrick's Cathedral near here?

14. Luisa and John are married. Yesterday Luisa was making dinner when John arrived. He looked pale because he had a terrible headache. Luisa said:

- A. You ought to change your old-fashioned hat.
- B. You can stay at home and help me with dinner, then.
- C. You should come back to work.
- D. You should take a pill and rest for a while.

15. Rosaura is in the living room reading a newspaper.



According to the information in the box, she is reading

- A. a personal ad.
- B. an editorial.
- C. a classified ad.
- D. an advertisement.

16. Betty and Sally are gossiping about their boss's bad behavior. Sally is happy about the results.

Betty: Guess what, Sally?

Sally: What Betty?

Betty: You know our boss has been absent for two days, don't you?

Sally: Sure. He was driving drunk again, I suppose.

Betty: Right, but he was also stopped for breaking the speed limit. What do you think about that?

Sally: _____

- A. Oh poor man! He should have at least one more chance.
- B. Wonderful! He should have his license taken away.
- C. That's unfair. He shouldn't drink a bit less.
- D. Great! He shouldn't drive so slowly.

17. Isabel is at the doctor's office because she does not feel well.

Doctor: What's the matter?

Isabel: I have had several colds. I cough a lot.

Doctor: Do you smoke?

Isabel: Yes, I love smoking.

Doctor: _____

Isabel: 4 or 5.

- A. How often do you smoke in a week?
- B. How much money do you spend on cigarettes?
- C. How long does it take you to smoke one?
- D. How many cigarettes do you smoke a day?

18. Juan and Esther have a date, but she is late.

Esther: Hi! ...

Juan: What took you so long?

Esther: I'm sorry for the delay. There was a terrible traffic jam, and the taxi driver did. tknow another route...

Juan: _____

Esther: It was so crowded that I couldn't even get into it.

Juan: Oh, well. Let's forget it.

- A. That's not a good reason.
- B. I'm sorry to hear it. How is it now?
- C. Why didn't you call me?
- D. You should have used the subway.

19. Patrick is looking for a place to live.



According to the situation, Patrick is asking:

- A. How many rooms are there for rent?
- B. Would you mind having a snake?
- C. Do I have to pay more for the snake?
- D. Are pets allowed here?

20. Martha is a Colombian woman who has just gotten to Canada. She is talking to her friend, but she has some problems understanding him. So, she says:

- A. Speak faster, please. So, I can't understand.
- B. Please, don't speak so fast. I can't understand.
- C. I can't understand so fast. Don't speak, please.
- D. Please, I can't understand fast. So, don't speak.

21. A relative arrives at Diane's house.

Diane: What a nice surprise! Please come in.

Relative: Thank you.

Diane: _____

Relative: Please! They are very heavy.

- A. Can I help you with your suitcases?
- B. Must I help you with your suitcases?
- C. Should I help you with your suitcases?
- D. Do I have to help you with your suitcases?

22. Mark has a problem with his pen. So, he asks his teacher for one. Mark says:

- A. Could you lend me your pen?
- B. It would be great if you can give me that pen.
- C. I need that pen, please give it to me.
- D. Would you like to give me that pen?

Pregunta	Clave	Ámbito	Competencia
1	C	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
2	A	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
3	B	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
4	B	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
5	B	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
6	A	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
7	C	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
8	D	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
9	C	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
10	A	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
11	C	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
12	C	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
13	B	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
14	D	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
15	A	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
16	B	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
17	D	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
18	D	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
19	D	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
20	B	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
21	A	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual
22	A	Situaciones comunicativas	Coherencia textual

EXAMEN INTERACTIVO

1. You are in a clothing store and a beautiful dress catches your attention. You touch it and it is very soft. So you would ask:

- A. Where is this dress making by?
- B. Is this dress made of China?
- C. Is this dress making by hand?
- D. What is this dress made of?

2. John went to a shop by bike and the clerk told him:

- A. Do not leave your window by the bike please.
- B. Touch your bike leaving the window please do.
- C. Do not leave your bike by the window please.
- D. Touch your window leaving the bike please do.

3. Somebody is talking about an important event.

- A. The wedding was held at St. Rose last milenium Church.
- B. The last wedding of the milenium was held at St. Rose Church.
- C. At St. Rose Church was held a wedding last milenium.
- D. The Church of St. Rose was held a last milenium wedding.

4. Colombia is considered one of the most violent countries in the world.

- A. It not is a simple task, because Colombia has not achieved peace.
- B. Because it not is a simple task, Colombia have not achieved peace.
- C. Colombia has not achieved peace, because it is not a simple task.
- D. Because Colombia have not achieved peace, it is a simple task.

5. According to the picture, Judy is

YUDY



SUE



- A. average weight, small and has straight, short hair.
- B. average height, slim and has curly, grey hair.
- C. average weight, tall and has straight, short hair.
- D. average height, heavy and has curly, grey hair.

6.

YUDY



SUE



According to the picture, Sue is

- A. younger than Judy.
- B. fatter than Judy.
- C. heavier than Judy.
- D. shorter than Judy.

7. Rose and Iris are talking about future plans.

Rose: What are you going to do next year?

Iris: I want to move to Washington, but I'm not sure if I will.

Rose: Why not?

Iris: _____ I move to Washington I will be far away from my family.

Rose: Oh! I know. They won't see you very often.

Iris: Yes. If I don't see them very often, I'll feel sad and depressed.

- A. Oh
- B. If
- C. Then
- D. So

8. Rose and Iris are talking about future plans.

Rose: What are you going to do next year?

Iris: I want to move to Washington, but I'm not sure if I will.

Rose: Why not?

Iris: If I move to Washington I will be far away from my family.

Rose: Oh! I know. They won't see you very often.

Iris: Yes. If I don't see them very often, I'll feel sad and _____.

- A. embarrassed
- B. exhausted
- C. advised
- D. depressed

9. COLOMBIA AND ITS PRIVILEGES

1. and seafood are found.
2. Atlantic and Pacific oceans,
3. where exquisite varieties of fruit
4. Colombia is a country bathed by the

- A. 2, 3, 1, 4
- B. 4, 2, 3, 1
- C. 2, 1, 4, 3
- D. 4, 3, 2, 1

10. Peter and Mary are having a party tonight.

- A. It wouldn't arrive at any moment.

- B. It should arrive at any moment.
- C. It shouldn't arrive at any moment.
- D. It would arrive at any moment.

11. Margie wants to do something different this weekend.

Margie: I'm bored. Would you go shopping with me?

Nancy: Yes, of course. Do you enjoy shopping?

Margie: Not much, but _____

Nancy: Ok. Let's go. I need to buy a new pair of shoes.

- A. I love watching television on the weekends.
- B. I hate staying at home on the weekends.
- C. I hate visiting malls and supermarkets.
- D. I love spending Saturdays in bed.

12. While I was coming to work, I tripped over a man because I was in a hurry. I was embarrassed. So,

- A. I said to him: "Sorry, it was nothing".
- B. I just continued on my way and forgot about it.
- C. I explained to him that I was in a hurry.
- D. I apologized and told him that I was in a hurry.

13. Two men are talking about Camila's appearance. She is exercising a lot to be in shape. One of them says:

- A. If you saw her now, you would hardly recognize her.
- B. If she didn't answer, she must have been exercising.
- C. If I had her phone number, I would invite her for a walk.
- D. If she drank more water, she could lose weight.

14. Canada is a land of **diversity**; for example, it has two national languages. In Quebec, a very old city, French is the main language; however, many people there also speak English. Canada has large deposits of many valuable minerals such as gold, silver and copper. In addition, it is very rich in farmland, fish and lumber. It also has some of the world's largest lakes. Moreover, one third of the world's fresh water is in Canada. The word **diversity** can be replaced by

- A. unity.
- B. similarity.
- C. variety.
- D. uniformity.

15. It is time to get away! Let yourself be enchanted by landscapes where clear blue waters catch the light of green hills and red rocks. Take in the clean, fresh air; enjoy the unusual; walk through boutiques, museums, galleries and amusement parks, or simply relax as time passes peaceful by... The province's resorts offer all this, and more.

According to the text,

- A. you will visit our province's resorts.
- B. you are going to hate our province's resorts.
- C. you can be terrified by the province's resorts.
- D. you will be amazed by the province's resorts.

16. It is time to get away! Let yourself be enchanted by landscapes where clear blue waters catch the light of green hills and red rocks. Take in the clean, fresh air; enjoy the unusual; walk through boutiques, museums, galleries and amusement parks, or simply relax as time passes peaceful by... The province's resorts offer all this, and more. The most appropriate title for this text is:

- A. Summer Vacations
- B. A Natural Park
- C. Western Places
- D. A Luxurious City

17. Alfred had a job interview at IBM. His wife asked him about his performance. He answered:

- A. The Director said I could start working next Monday.
- B. The Director says I can starting work next Monday.
- C. The Director said me I could start work next Monday.
- D. The Director say me to start working next Monday.

18. Two people are talking about tourist places in Colombia.

- A. I has visited Park Tayrona twice.
- B. I have visited Tayrona Park three times.

- C. I has visiting Tayrona Park two times.
- D. I have visiting Park Tayrona twice.

19. Two women are new members of a gym. They are talking about food habits. Both are in good shape. One of them asks the other: "How much water do you drink every day?" The other one answers:

- A. I drink many water every day.
- B. I drink a few of water every day.
- C. I drink lots of water every day.
- D. I drink any water every day

20. The doctor's secretary asks the patient how he spells his name.

- A. How does you spell your name?
- B. How do you spell your name?
- C. How your name does you spell?
- D. How your name do you spell?

21. A doctor is talking about stress and its possible solutions.

One thing doctors recommend for people who are under a lot of stress is running. Running is a sport everyone can enjoy. It is also a sport that _____ require a lot of special equipment. The only things runners need are running shoes and a place to run.

According to experts, people who are interested in lowering stress must run for at least twenty to thirty minutes three times a week. They also say that beginners should consult their doctors before they start running programs.

- A. was not
- B. is not
- C. does not
- D. did not

22. A doctor is talking about stress and its possible solutions.

One thing doctors recommend for people who are under a lot of stress is running. Running is a sport everyone can enjoy. It is also a sport that does not require a lot of special equipment. The only things runners need are running shoes and a place to run.

According to experts, people who are interested in _____ stress must run for at least twenty to thirty minutes three times a week. They also say that beginners should consult their doctors before they start running programs.

- A. lowering
- B. reduce
- C. lacking
- D. down

23. A doctor is talking about stress and its possible solutions.

One thing doctors recommend for people who are under a lot of stress is running. Running is a sport everyone can enjoy. It is also a sport that does not require a lot of special equipment. The only things runners need are running shoes and a place to run.

According to experts, people who are interested in lowering stress must run for at least twenty to thirty minutes three times a week. They also say that beginners _____ consult their doctors before they start running programs.

- A. will
- B. have
- C. would
- D. should

24. Mark is the only child in his family.

1. Mark enjoys his vacation a lot.
2. he prefers to play chess, swim and walk.
3. He doesn't like to watch TV, films or play team games;
4. Mark is probably a very introverted boy.

- A. 4,1,3,2
- B. 1,3,2,4
- C. 4,3,2,1
- D. 1,2,4,3

25. Sally is seven years old. She is watching a TV program. Her mother warns her about it.

Mother : What are you watching, Sally?

Sally: A horror film.

Mother: _____

Sally: Why?

Mother: Because they can make you feel afraid.

- A. You should watch more horror films.
- B. You should not watch horror films.
- C. You could watch that program at night.
- D. You could not watch another program.

26. Paula is asking Andrea about her hair.

Paula: Your hair is beautiful. Do you wash it every day?

Andrea: No, not really.

Paula: _____

Andrea: About three times a week.

- A. How long do you spend doing it?
- B. When do you do it?
- C. How long have you done it?
- D. How often do you do it?

27. Carol has problems with her math homework. She asks John to help her. He agrees to help if she goes to the movies with him.

John says:

- A. Will you go to the movies with me if I don't help you?
- B. If I help you, will you go to the movies with me?
- C. If I went to the movies, would you help me?
- D. Would you help me if I didn't go to the movies?

28. A hot -air balloon floats **because** hot air is lighter than cool air.

A hot-air balloon consists of a basket in which the pilot and the crew stand, a gas burner and a large balloon. To take off, you turn on the burner which heats the air inside the balloon. When the air gets hot, the balloon rises. To land, you allow the air inside the balloon to cool. The word **because** is used for

- A. opposing two ideas.
- B. emphasizing an idea.
- C. giving a reason for an idea.
- D. adding an idea.

29. A hot -air balloon floats because hot air is lighter than cool air.

A hot-air balloon consists of a basket in which the pilot and the crew stand, a gas burner and a large balloon. **To take off**, you turn on the burner which heats the air inside the balloon. When the air gets hot, the balloon rises. **To land**, you allow the air inside the balloon to cool. The relationship between **To take off** and **To land** is:

- A. Contrast
- B. Equivalence
- C. Sequence
- D. Addition

30. A hot -air balloon floats because hot air is lighter than cool air.

A hot-air balloon consists of a basket in which the pilot and the crew stand, a gas burner and a large balloon. To take off, you turn on the burner **which** heats the air inside the balloon. When the air gets hot, the balloon rises. To land, you allow the air inside the balloon to cool. The word **which** refers to

- A. the air.
- B. the balloon.
- C. the gas.
- D. the burner.

31. Pop videos are called PROMOS in Britain and CLIPS in the United States. They are similar to advertisements, because their purpose is to promote and sell records; that is why they are very important for the music business.

There are two types of pop videos. One is called PERFORMANCE video, where the singers are shown singing and playing their songs. The other type is the CONCEPTUAL video, where singers do not appear and caves, old docks or exotic settings are shown as settings for their music. According to the text, an advertisement is a

- A. TV program about videos.

- B. musical count down.
- C. campaign to sell a product.
- D. marketing plan.

32. Pop videos are called PROMOS in Britain and CLIPS in the United States. They are similar to advertisements, because their purpose is to promote and sell records; that is why they are very important for the music business. There are two types of pop videos. One is called PERFORMANCE video, where the singers are shown singing and playing their songs. The other type is the CONCEPTUAL video, where singers do not appear and caves, old docks or exotic settings are shown as settings for their music.

According to the text, it is true that

- A. a pop video is important because it makes singers popular.
- B. a pop video is important because the sale of a record depends on it.
- C. a pop video is important because it makes a place attractive for tourists.
- D. a pop video is important because it attracts the attention of concert managers.

33. John is asking Peter about his father's comfortable new car.

- A. What is the sort of the car?
- B. What sort of the car it is?
- C. What sort of car is it?
- D. What sort it is of car?

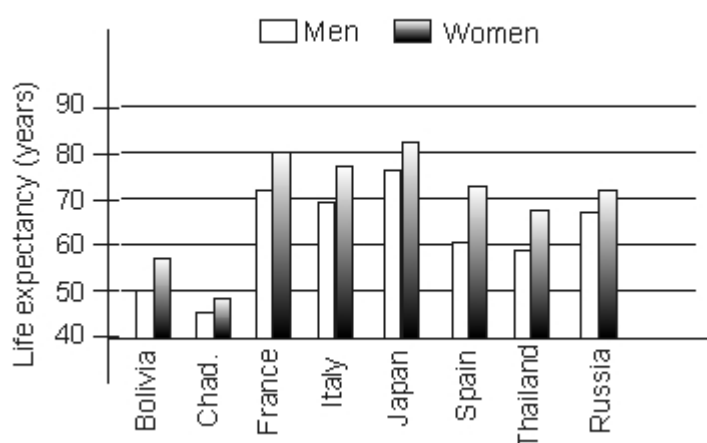
34. Paul Jones is a good British soccer player. He plays for England. England played against Germany last Tuesday and won. Paul scored a goal. Today,

- A. there is a match in which Paul is going to play.
- B. in which Paul is going to play a match is there.
- C. there is a match in which is going to play Paul.
- D. in which Paul is going to play a match there is.

35. Charles is comparing two sports. He says:

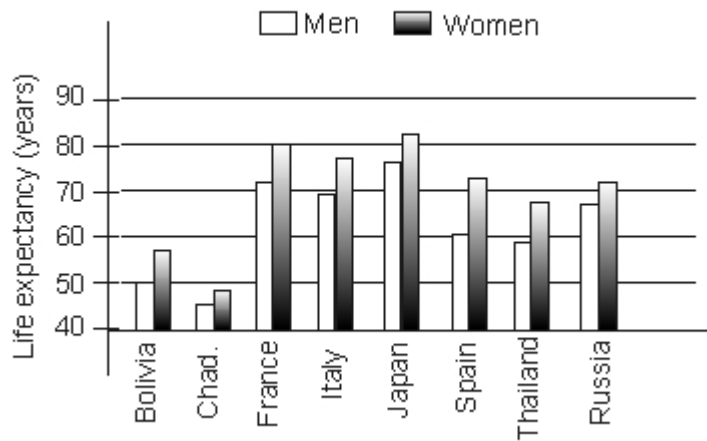
- A. I think than boxing is more dangerous that wrestling.
- B. I think that boxing is more dangerous than wrestling.
- C. I think than is more dangerous boxing that wrestling.
- D. I think that is more dangerous boxing than wrestling.

36. The graph reflects that



- A. people in France have the highest life expectancy.
- B. the average life span in Russia is at least 80 years.
- C. people in Chad almost never reach age 50.
- D. people from Spain and Italy have the same life expectancy.

37.



According to the graph, men all over the world

- A. tend to live longer than women.
- B. are required not to live as long as women do.
- C. want to live less than women.
- D. are not expected to live as long as women do.

38. Jenny told Peter she was sick. Read the advice he gave her.

"Well, Jenny, if you are sick, you shouldn't be smoking. You'd _____ go home and get some rest! Moreover, why don't you get some medicine for yourself? I really think you need it!"

- A. want
- B. later
- C. have
- D. better

39. Jenny told Peter she was sick. Read the advice he gave her.

"Well, Jenny, if you are sick, you shouldn't be smoking. You'd better go home and get some rest! Moreover, why _____ you get some medicine for yourself? I really think you need it!"

- A. don't
- B. are
- C. do
- D. aren't

40. Jeannie calls Mr. Parker's radio program because she has a problem: "My aunt's husband drove her everywhere before he died. Now, since she doesn't drive, she's bought herself a bicycle, but she's 71! She's my favorite aunt and I think she should do something less energetic. What do you think?"

Mr. Parker says to Jeannie:

1. It's better for her to ride a bike than to spend her days slumped in front of the TV;
2. or why don't you suggest that she trains slowly,
3. How about buying a bicycle yourself and going with her?
4. instead of trying to ride a lot right away.

- A. 1, 2, 3, 4
- B. 3, 2, 1, 4
- C. 1, 4, 3, 2
- D. 3, 1, 2, 4

41. Melinda is telling us about her free-time activities.

1. When I can, I love having friends over for dinner;
2. we sit, eat, drink, and talk for hours.
3. Well, I really have little free time.
4. And, of course, I love listening to good music.

- A. 3, 1, 2, 4
- B. 1, 2, 3, 4
- C. 3, 1, 4, 2
- D. 1, 3, 2, 4

42. Mike is planning to visit New York City. He's asking a friend of his, who is from New York, for advice.

Mike: Everyone says that New York is very dangerous. Is that true?

Marian: I don't think so. But, _____ late at night, just like in any big city.

Mike: That makes sense! Thanks for the advice.

Marian: Have a nice trip!

- A. you must walk alone in Central Park
- B. you should talk with strangers
- C. you must carry your wallet
- D. you should avoid deserted streets

43. Two friends are traveling by car.

Cathy: Oh! Hey, can you turn that up a little?

Dick: Sure.... Do you like salsa?

Cathy: Oh yes, I love it!

Dick: Really? So do I. Do you like going to concerts?

Cathy: Yes, but _____ . I can't stand crowded places.

Dick: Yeah, I know what you mean.

- A. I want to listen to CD's
- B. I like watching videos
- C. I prefer to listen to records
- D. I love going to discos

44. Bill asks David about his hobbies.

Bill: _____

David: Yes, I've been in a balloon several times.

Bill: When did you make your first flight?

David: I first went up in a balloon in 1997.

Bill: Did you enjoy it?

David: Oh yes, and I decided to do it again as soon as possible.

- A. Have you ever slept in a balloon?
- B. Have you ever got a balloon?
- C. Have you ever bought a balloon?
- D. Have you ever flown in a balloon?

45. Bill asks David about his hobbies.

Bill: _____

David: Yes, I've been in a balloon several times.

Bill: When did you make your first flight?

David: I first went up in a balloon in 1997.

Bill: Did you enjoy it?

David: Oh yes, and I decided to do it again as soon as possible.

- A. Have you ever slept in a balloon?
- B. Have you ever got a balloon?
- C. Have you ever bought a balloon?
- D. Have you ever flown in a balloon?

46. *Taylor:* I hope he's all right.

Adam: Don't worry. I'm sure he is.

Taylor: But where on earth can he be?

Adam: He's probably catching mice somewhere.

Taylor: Do you think we should call the police?

Adam: No, not yet.

In the conversation

- A. Taylor is sad, and Adam is upset.
- B. Adam is calm, and Taylor is worried.
- C. Taylor is bored, and Adam is angry.
- D. Adam is nervous, and Taylor is confused.

47. Read the comments of an expert in Baroque music.

George Frederick Handel is one of the most outstanding composers of the Baroque period. He composed many

operas, but since **he wasn't good at money management**, he went broke. He was well-known, though, due to his vast cosmopolitan repertoire, including over fifty offertories. It can be said that he was a German artist who wrote Italian music with a French style for the English people. The expression **he wasn't good at money management** means that

- A. Mr. Handel didn't have any financial ability.
- B. Mr. Handel was financially terrific.
- C. Mr. Handel was used to being in good financial condition.
- D. Mr. Handel didn't have many financial resources.

48. Read the comments of an expert in Baroque music.

George Frederick Handel is one of the most outstanding composers of the Baroque period. He composed many operas, but since he wasn't good at money management, he went broke. He was well-known, **though**, due to his vast cosmopolitan repertoire, including over fifty offertories. It can be said that he was a German artist who wrote Italian music with a French style for the English people.

The word **though** implies that

- A. in spite of his great skill, he is still well-known.
- B. somehow, Handel did a good deal of work.
- C. he'd never have succeeded unless he had composed a lot of music.
- D. despite his financial difficulties, his music was very successful during his own time.

49. Helen stops in front of a department store, and she reads this sign:

ALL PRICES REDUCED THIS WEEK

It means that

- A. everything is high-priced.
- B. everything is cheaper.
- C. everything is more expensive.
- D. everything is free.

50. Read the comments of an expert in Baroque music.

George Frederick Handel is one of the most outstanding composers of the Baroque period. He composed many operas, but since he wasn't good at money management, he went broke. He was well-known, though, due to his vast cosmopolitan repertoire, including over fifty offertories. It can be said that he was **a German artist who wrote Italian music with a French style for the English people**. The sentence **a German artist who wrote Italian music with a French style for the English people** is intended to

- A. show the places he visited.
- B. show how international his music was.
- C. determine the origin of his music.
- D. determine geographic influences on his music.

51. The business was there to be done, he found. For the first time in twenty-seven years he had no secretary to type his letters, answer his telephone, book his tickets, be polite to visitors, and organize his papers. The phone rang, and no one answered; he got an answering machine, but forgot to turn it on. He misplaced letters, and missed vital appointments. Typing was a disaster, but his handwriting was worse; and when the tax inspector called on him, he was almost prosecuted for evasion, because no accounts had been kept at all. According to the text, the author's intention is to

- A. describe the situation of an executive without a secretary.
- B. compare the duties of bosses and secretaries.
- C. explain the differences between executives' and secretaries' jobs.
- D. summarize the advantages of working without a secretary.

52. The business was there to be done, he found. **For the first time in twenty-seven years he had no secretary to type his letters**, answer his telephone, book his tickets, be polite to visitors, and organize his papers. The phone rang, and no one answered; he got an answering machine, but forgot to turn it on. He misplaced letters, and missed vital appointments. Typing was a disaster, but his handwriting was worse; and when the tax inspector called on him, he was almost prosecuted for evasion, because no accounts had been kept at all. The sentence **For the first time in twenty-seven years he had no secretary to type his letters** means that

- A. his secretary worked for twenty-seven years.
- B. his secretary was twenty-seven years old.
- C. he had been working with a secretary for twenty-seven years.
- D. he had been working by himself for twenty-seven years.

53. The business was there to be done, he found. For the first time in twenty-seven years he had no secretary to type his letters, answer his telephone, book his tickets, be polite to visitors, and organize his papers. The phone rang, and no one answered; he got an answering machine, but forgot to turn it on. He misplaced letters, and missed vital appointments. Typing was a disaster, but his handwriting was worse; and when the tax inspector called on him, he was almost prosecuted for evasion, because no accounts had been kept at all. According to the text,

- A. secretaries are not indispensable to their bosses.
- B. it's easy for an executive to work on his own.
- C. the majority of bosses cannot function without a secretary.
- D. being a secretary is less difficult than being a boss.

Pregunta	Clave
1	D
2	C
3	B
4	C
5	D
6	A
7	B
8	D
9	B
10	B
11	B
12	D
13	A
14	C
15	D

Pregunta	Clave
16	A
17	A
18	B
19	C
20	B
21	C
22	A
23	D
24	B
25	B
26	D
27	B
28	C
29	A
30	D

Pregunta	Clave
31	C
32	C
33	C
34	A
35	B
36	C
37	D
38	D
39	A
40	D
41	A
42	D
43	C
44	D
45	D

Pregunta	Clave
46	B
47	?
48	D
49	B
50	B
51	A
52	C
53	C